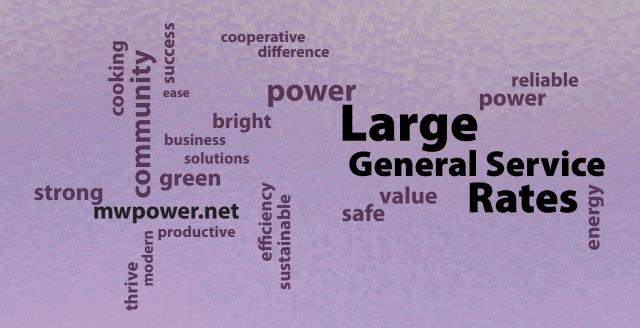
#### **Monthly Off-Peak Time Schedule**

**Pacific Time** 

12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. **January** Afternoon Night 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. **February** Afternoon Night 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. March Afternoon 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Niaht 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. **April** Afternoon 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Night Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. May Night 10:30 p.m. to 6:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. Night 11:00 p.m. to 6:30 a.m. June Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. 11:00 p.m. to 7:30 a.m. July Night Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. 11:00 p.m. to 7:30 a.m. August Night Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. Weekend September Night 11:00 p.m. to 7:30 a.m. Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. Weekend October Afternoon 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Niaht 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. November Afternoon 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Night Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m. December Afternoon 12:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. Niaht 10:30 p.m. to 5:00 a.m. Weekend Sat. 12:00 a.m. to Sun. 11:59 p.m.

If you have any questions about Mt. Wheeler Power rates or any other program, please contact the Member Services Department.





1600 Great Basin Blvd.
P.O. Box 151000
Ely, NV 89315
(775) 289-8981 or 1-800-97- POWER
info@mwpower.net



Rate Schedule
Effective 10/01/2012

## comfort light

# Large General Service value Rates &

All large general service rates are set up with separate charges for demand and energy. Three different billing options exist for Large General Service consumers including:

Rate Code LGS
Rate Code LGS (industrial)
Rate Code LGS-OP (off-peak)
Rate Code LGS-AE (all electric)

The demand charge is based on the highest recorded kilowatt usage during the month. The energy charge is based on the total number of kilowatt-hours used during the month.

Mt. Wheeler Power offers contractual agreemetns for large loads. Please contact our marketing department for more information.

#### **RATE CODE LGS**

#### **LARGE GENERAL SERVICE**

Customer Charge \$45.00 /meter/month
Energy Charge 4.65¢ per kWh

Demand Charge \$8.50 per kWh

#### **LARGE GENERAL SERVICE (industrial)**

Customer Charge \$120.00 /meter/month

Energy Charge 4.870¢ per kWh
Demand Charge \$8.00 per kWh

#### **RATE CODE LGS-AE (All-Electric)**

The LGS-AE (all-electric) rate is available for general service consumers who use electric heating and/or air conditioning. To utilize this rate, all heating/air conditioning loads must be recorded by a sub-meter.

#### Main Meter

Customer Charge \$45.00 /meter/month

Energy Charge 4.65¢ per kWh

Demand Charge \$8.50 per kWh

#### Sub-meter

Heating and air 3.25¢/kWh

conditioning charges

#### RATE CODE LGS-OP (off-peak)

The off-peak rate is offered for large general service consumers who can tailor their load to designated time periods which are not during demand peaking times for the cooperative. These times include afternoon hours during part of the year and nighttime hours all year. If you can take advantage of these times, the demand portion of the LGS Rate is waived.

Customer Charge \$45.00 /meter/month
Energy Charge 4.65¢ per kWh

If any usage is recorded in times other than those designated for off-peak usage, demand charges are billed.

#### What is "Demand Charge"?

The demand portion of the billing for large general service consumers is based on the highest recorded kilowatt usage at any one time during the month. The energy portion of the billing is based on the total number of kilowatt-hours used throughout the month.

### What is the difference between energy and demand?

As an example, for a 1,000-Watt space heater, the demand would be 1,000 Watts, or 1 kW. This is the total amount of demand the heater would ever require at any one time. If the heater ran 12 hours a day for 30 days—or 360 hours— the total energy in Kilowatt-hours would be 360 multiplied by 1kW, or 360kWh.

In the residential and small service rates, the demand and energy charges are combined into one kilowatt-hour (energy) charge, because these loads are relatively small.

The demand and energy charges are separate for large general servie and irrigation because these loads are so large. As a system, Mt. Wheeler Power is charged for both demand and energy, and these rates are passed on to the large consumers to make sure enough revenue is collected to pay the cooperative's wholesale power bills.

reliable of Rates
heating cooling flexible efficient productivity